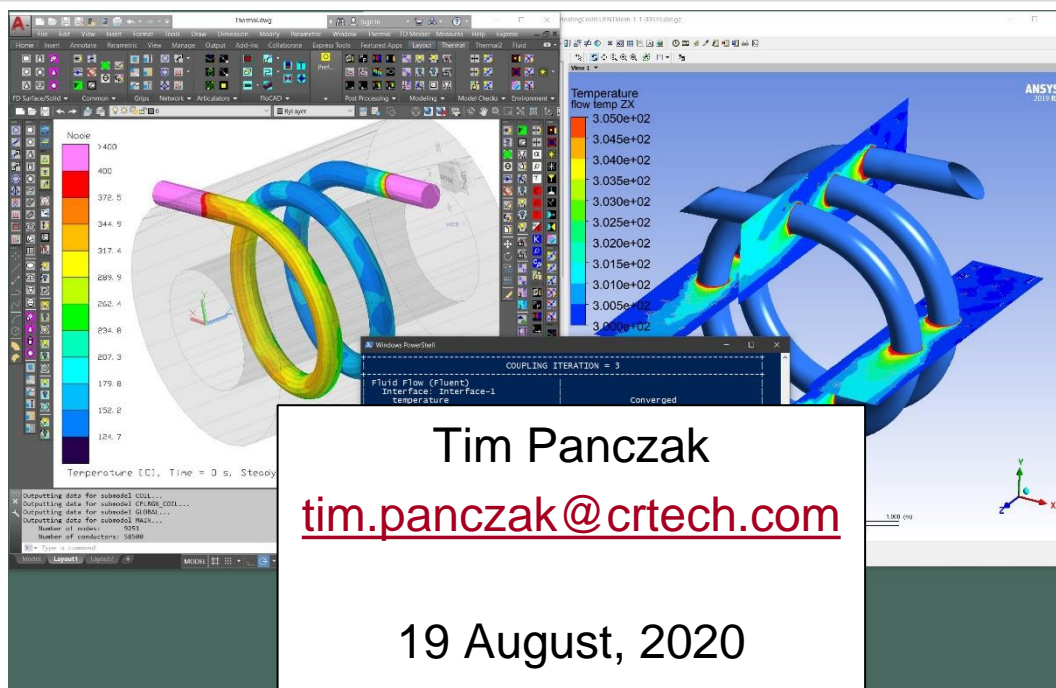




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Co-solving 3D Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer with CRTech Thermal Desktop and ANSYS Fluent



Tim Panczak

tim.panczak@crtech.com

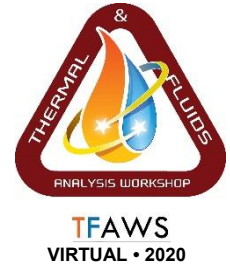
19 August, 2020

www.crtech.com

CR Technologies, Inc.
Boulder Colorado



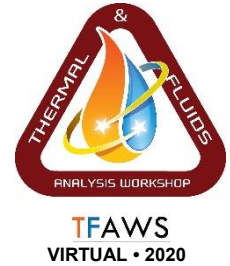
Agenda



- ❑ Motivation
 - Applications
- ❑ Overview
 - Architecture
 - User process
- ❑ Example
 - Kegerator
- ❑ Work in progress
 - FloCAD <-> Fluent coupling



Motivation



- ❑ Provide 3D flow solver integrated with CRTech simulation products
 - Conjugate Heat Transfer with Radiation and 1D Fluid Flow
 - Will be released with Version 6.2
 - *Work in progress:* Coupling 1D and 3D fluid flow
 - FloCAD <-> Fluent
- ❑ Partnership with ANSYS since 2018
 - Outstanding support and project facilitation
 - Longer term ideas for Workbench/Mechanical integration



Applications



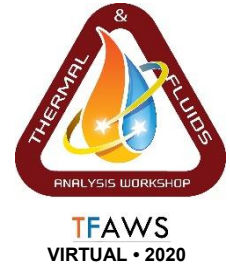
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- ❑ Cryogenic tanks
- ❑ Aeroheating
- ❑ Regenerative cooling for nozzles
- ❑ Ground service cooling
- ❑ Crew comfort
- ❑ Green building design
- ❑ Turbomachinery

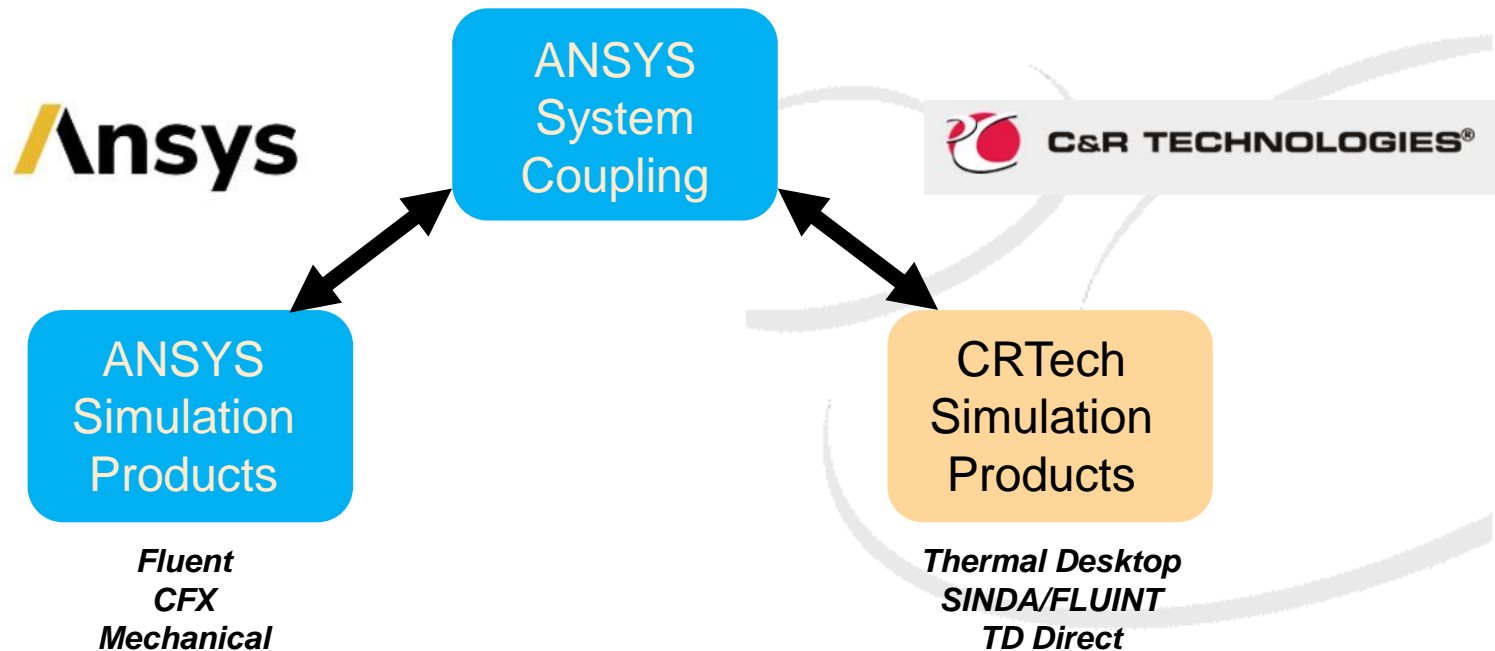




ANSYS System Coupling



- Platform for integrating 3rd party applications with ANSYS simulation products
 - Coordinates co-simulation of two or more “participants”
 - Launches participants, synchronizes data transfers
 - API provided to connect with System Coupling
 - GUI or script driven

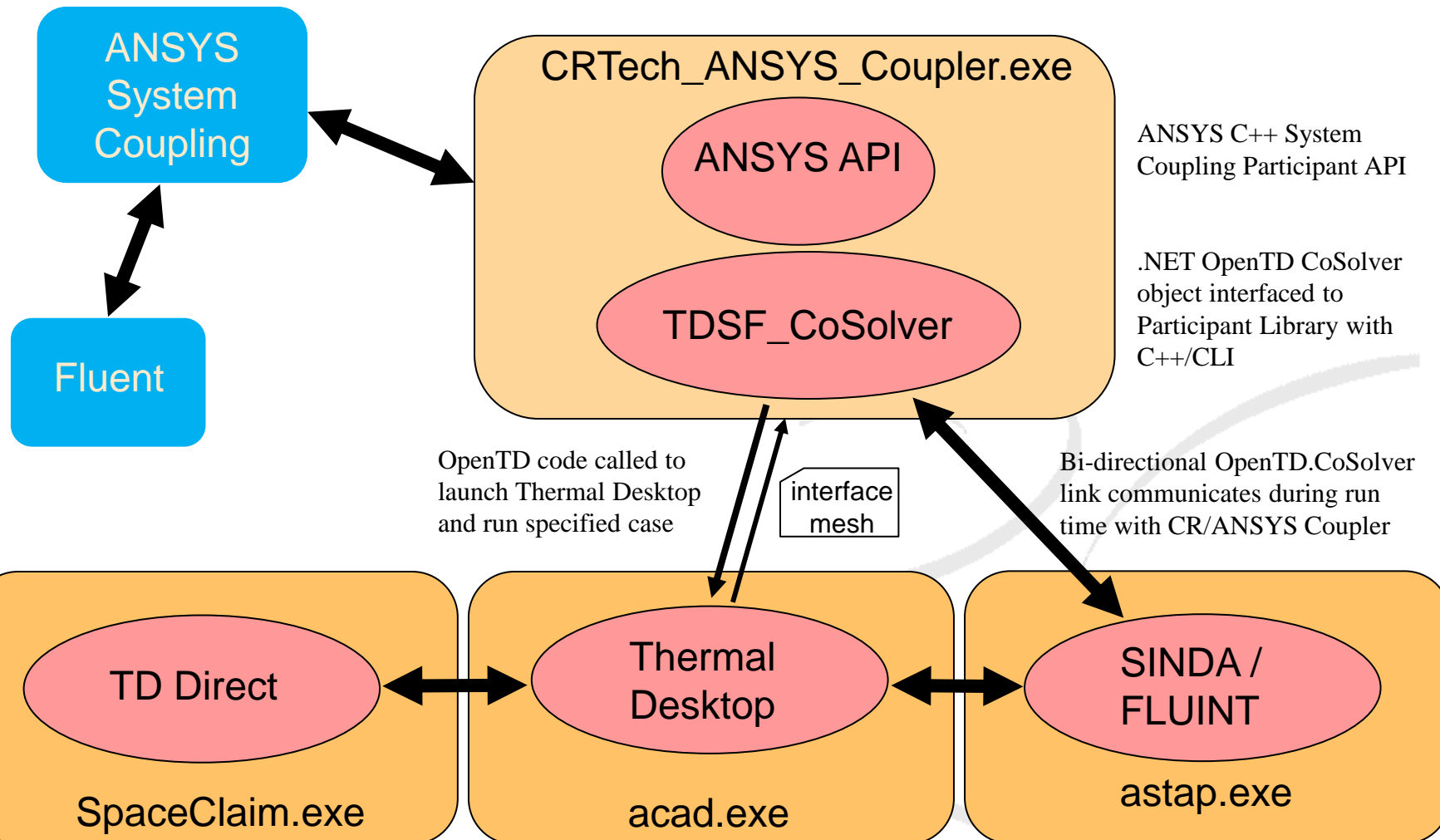




Participant Implementation ANSYS API + OpenTD

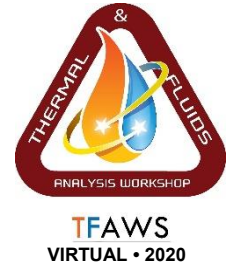


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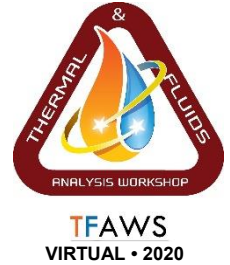
Features of ANSYS System Coupling



- ❑ Transient, Steady State, and Pseudo-Transient
 - Either participant can be steady or transient
- ❑ Interface coupling options
 - Fluent supplies Heat Flux - SINDA/FLUINT supplies Temperature
 - Q-T (Neumann-Dirichlet)
 - Convection Coefficient/Fluid Reference Temperature – Temperature
 - Hconv/Tref – T
 - Interface Quasi-Newton Least Squares stabilization
 - Under-relaxation and ramping
 - Coordinate transformation of models
- ❑ Postprocessing and debug tools
- ❑ Distributed processing
- ❑ Restarts
- ❑ GUI or command line



Steps to Setup Analysis



- ❑ Create working directory and System Coupling input file
- ❑ Place Thermal Desktop surface elements in the domain “Coupling_Region”
- ❑ Set Fluent interface zones to “Via System Coupling”
- ❑ Add a single line to OPERATIONS to setup communications with CRTech_ANSYS_Coupler
- ❑ Run System Coupling

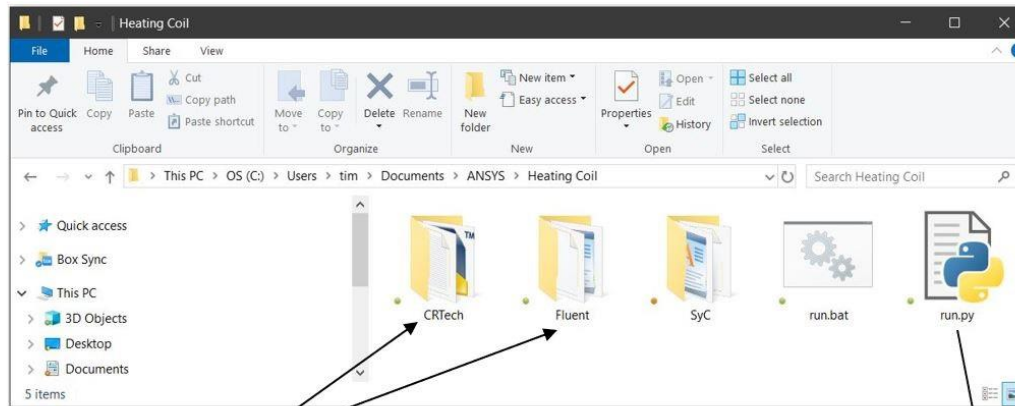


Working Folder



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- ❑ Place Thermal Desktop and Fluent working directories under a System Coupling working directory



Create subfolders for each participant.

Modify run.py as needed.

The batch file run.bat launches ANSYS System Coupling which will then automatically read the input script, run.py.

The "SyC" folder will be created by ANSYS System Coupling.

```
import os
import platform

# Set up and run SC case

# Load the Fluent SCP file.
AddParticipant(InputFile = '..\\Fluent\\fluent.scp')
AddParticipant(InputFile = '..\\CRTech\\crttech.scp')

# Add CR Tech participant to the datamodel manually.
dm = DatamodelRoot()
crTechSolver = dm.CouplingParticipant['DEFAULT-2']
crTechSolver.DisplayName = 'CR Tech Solver'

# Specify CR Tech Solver executable
crTechExe = 'C:/Program Files/Cullimore and Ring/Thermal Desktop/CRTechSolverWrapper.bat'
crTechSolver.ExecutionControl.Executable = crTechExe
crTechSolver.ExecutionControl.WorkingDirectory = './CRTech'
crTechSolver.ExecutionControl.AdditionalArguments = ' --dwg Thermal.dwg --case "Case Set 0"'
```

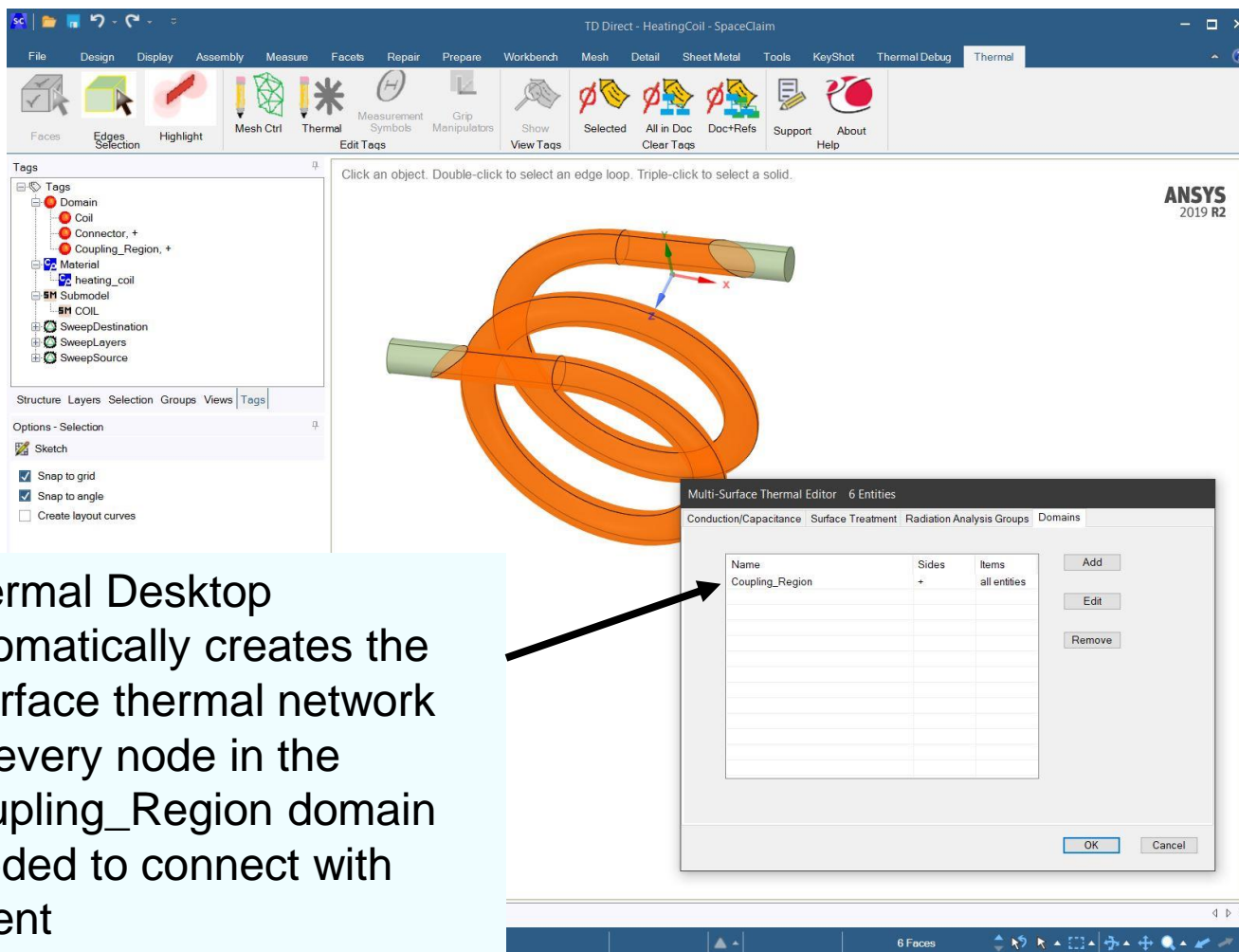


Create Domain “Coupling_Region”



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TD Direct / Thermal Desktop



Thermal Desktop automatically creates the interface thermal network for every node in the Coupling_Region domain needed to connect with Fluent



Set Wall Zone BC to “Via System Coupling”



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Fluent

HeatingCoilFLUENTMesh-1 Parallel Fluent@DESKTOP-Q50GTEI [3d, dp, pbns, rke]

File Domain Physics User-Defined Solution Results View Parallel Design

Mesh: Display... Info... Units... Check... Quality... Scale... Transform... Make Polyhedra... Combine... Delete... Append... Separate... Deactivate... Replace Mesh... Replace Zone... Zones: Deactivate... Activate... Interfaces: Mesh... Overset... Mesh Models: Dynamic Mesh... Mixing Planes... Turbo Topology... Adapt: Refine / Coarsen... Surface: Create... Manage...

Outline View

Filter Text

- Setup
 - General
 - Models
 - Materials
 - Cell Zone Conditions
 - Boundary Conditions
 - coilsurface (wall, id=30)
 - cylinderwalls (wall, id=31)
 - inflow (velocity-inlet, id=32)
 - interior-part-container (interior, id=29)
 - outflow (pressure-outlet, id=33)
 - Dynamic Mesh
 - Reference Values
 - Reference Frames
 - Named Expressions
- Solution
 - Methods
 - Controls
 - Report Definitions
 - Monitors
 - Cell Registers
 - Initialization
 - Calculation Activities
 - Run Calculation
- Results
 - Surfaces
 - Graphics
 - Plots
 - Animations
 - Reports
- Parameters & Customization

Wall

Zone Name: coilsurface

Adjacent Cell Zone: part-container

Momentum Thermal Radiation Species DPM Multiphase UDS Wall Film Potential Structure

Thermal Conditions

- ☐ Heat Flux
- ☐ Temperature
- ☐ Convection
- ☐ Radiation
- ☐ Mixed
- ☒ via System Coupling
- ☐ via Mapped Interface

Wall Thickness (m): 0

Heat Generation Rate (w/m3): 0

Material Name: aluminum

OK Cancel Help

Console

```
inflow
outflow
part-container
parallel,
Done.
Preparing mesh for display...
Done.
```

Fluent will obtain
boundary conditions
from SINDA/FLUINT
via System Coupling



Run System Coupling

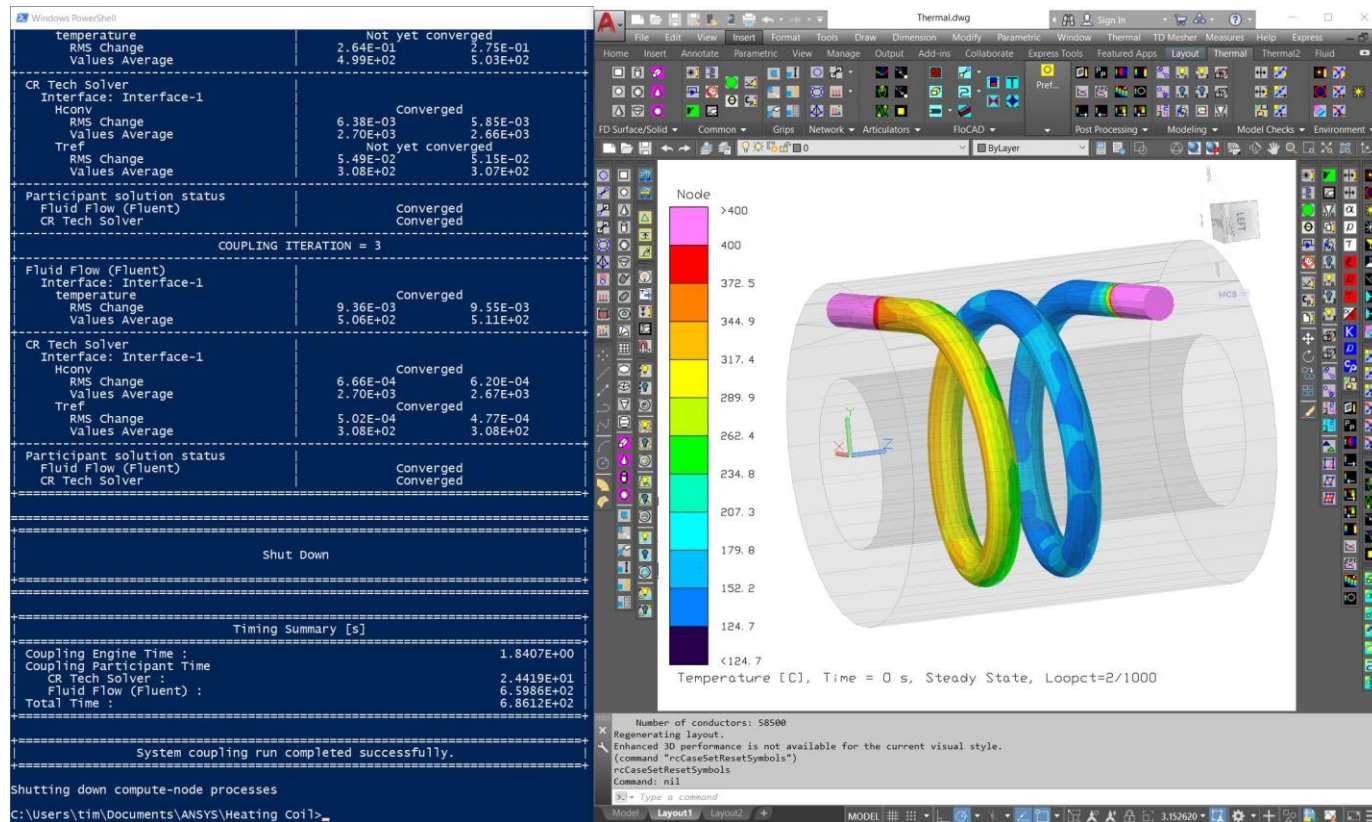


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System Coupling will launch Fluent and the CRTech-ANSYS coupler

CRTech ANSYS coupler will set up communication pipes, launch TD, and then run specified Case Set

S/F will communicate with System Coupling to supply and receive interface data



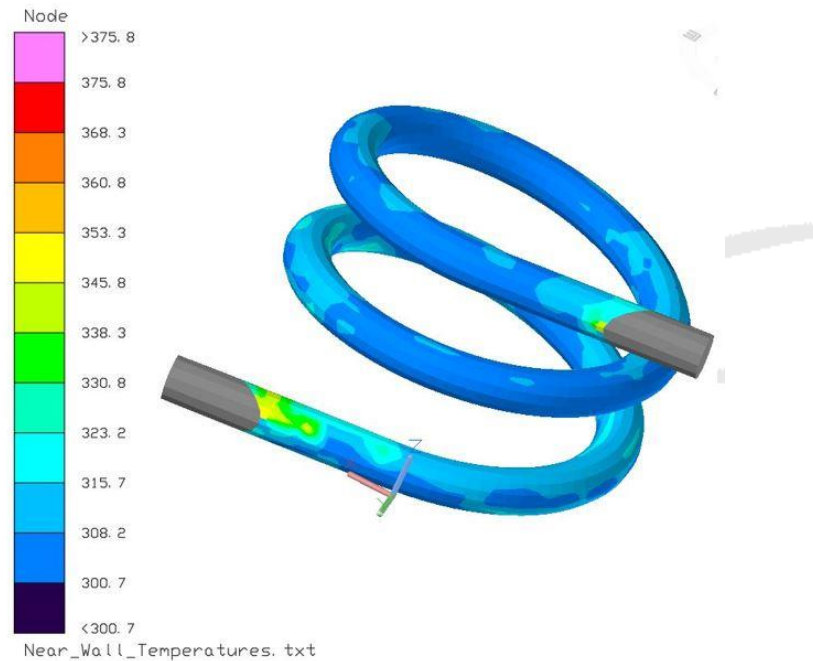
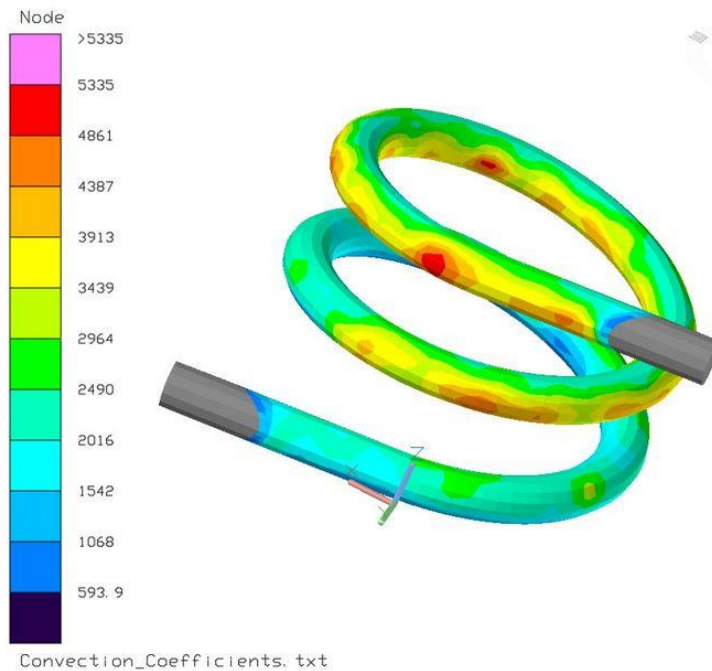


Interface Postprocessing



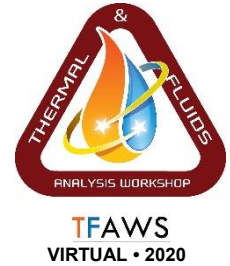
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Convection coefficients, heat flux, and near wall fluid temperatures from Fluent can be displayed





Example Kegerator Model



- ❑ A more complicated model was developed to showcase a number of ANSYS and CReTech analysis capabilities
 - Fluent internal convection
 - Thermal Desktop thermal modeling
 - RadCAD internal IR radiation exchange
 - FloCAD refrigeration cycle
 - FloCAD Compartments for keg contents, including CO₂ dissolution and evolution
 - FloCAD network for dispensing system
 - Detailed FEM with system level abstract modeling
- ❑ A fun model, but also similar to many aerospace tank and piping issues

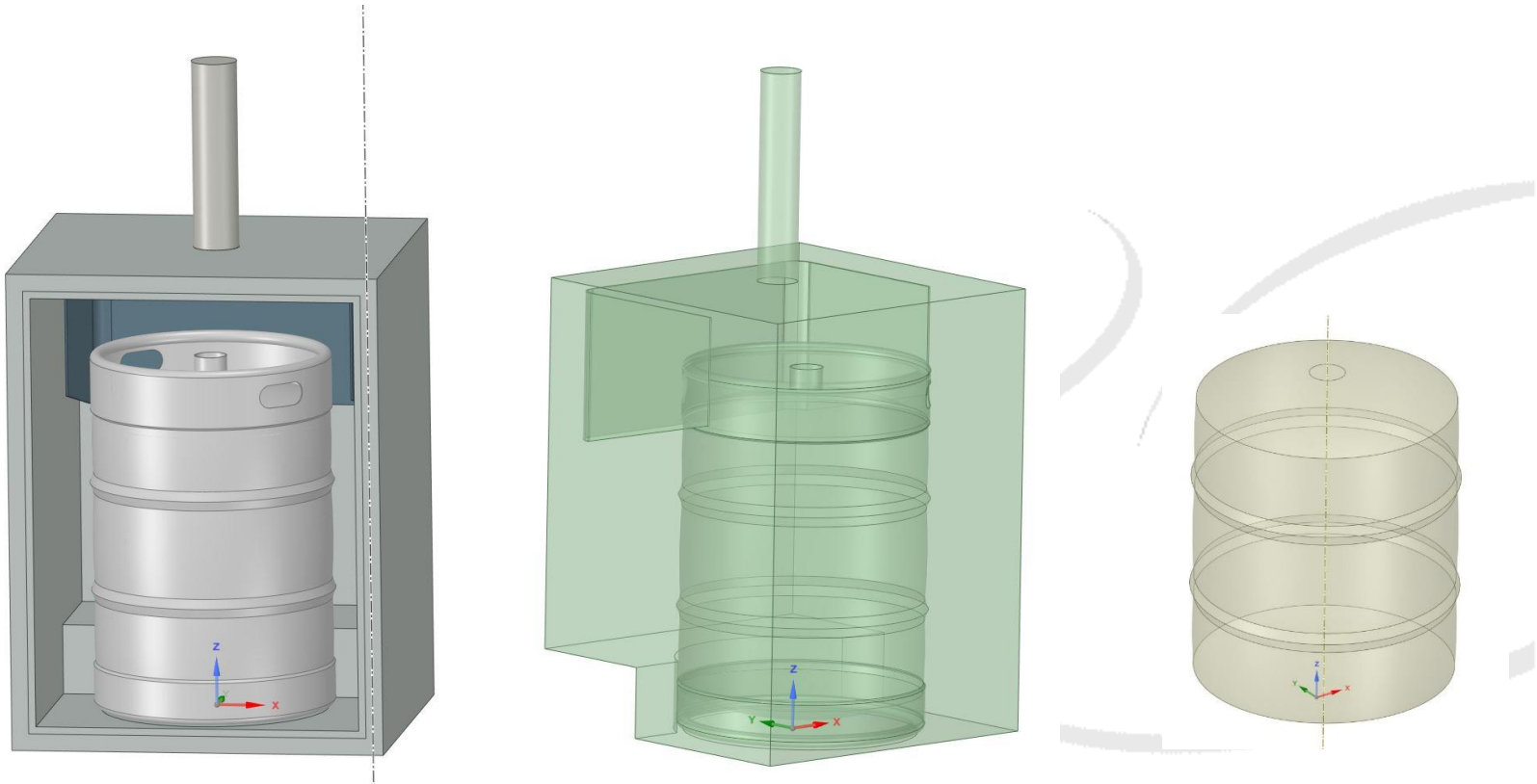


SpaceClaim Geometry



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- ❑ Separate SpaceClaim documents for kegerator, keg, Fluent internal volume and FloCAD Compartment volume were created

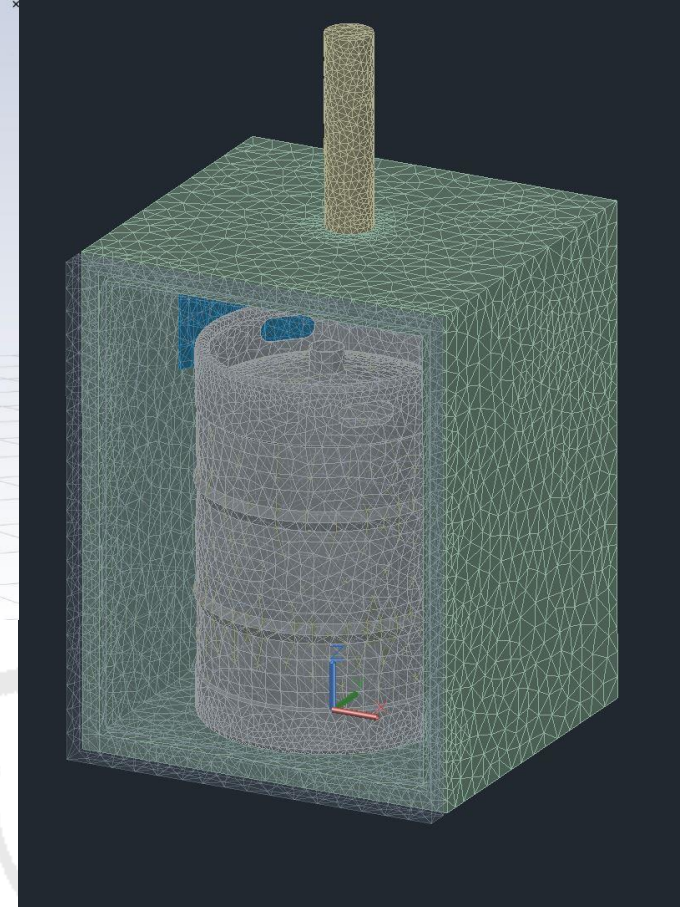
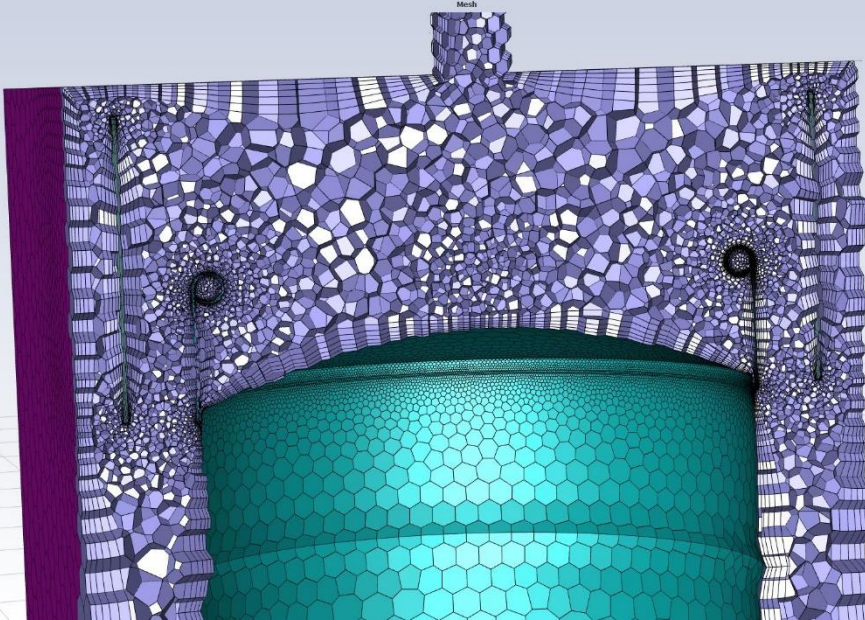




Meshes



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Fluent used for fluid mesh, TD Direct for thermal mesh

Meshes at fluid/structure interface do not have to be conformal

System Coupling performs a mapping process to map data from one side of the interface to the other

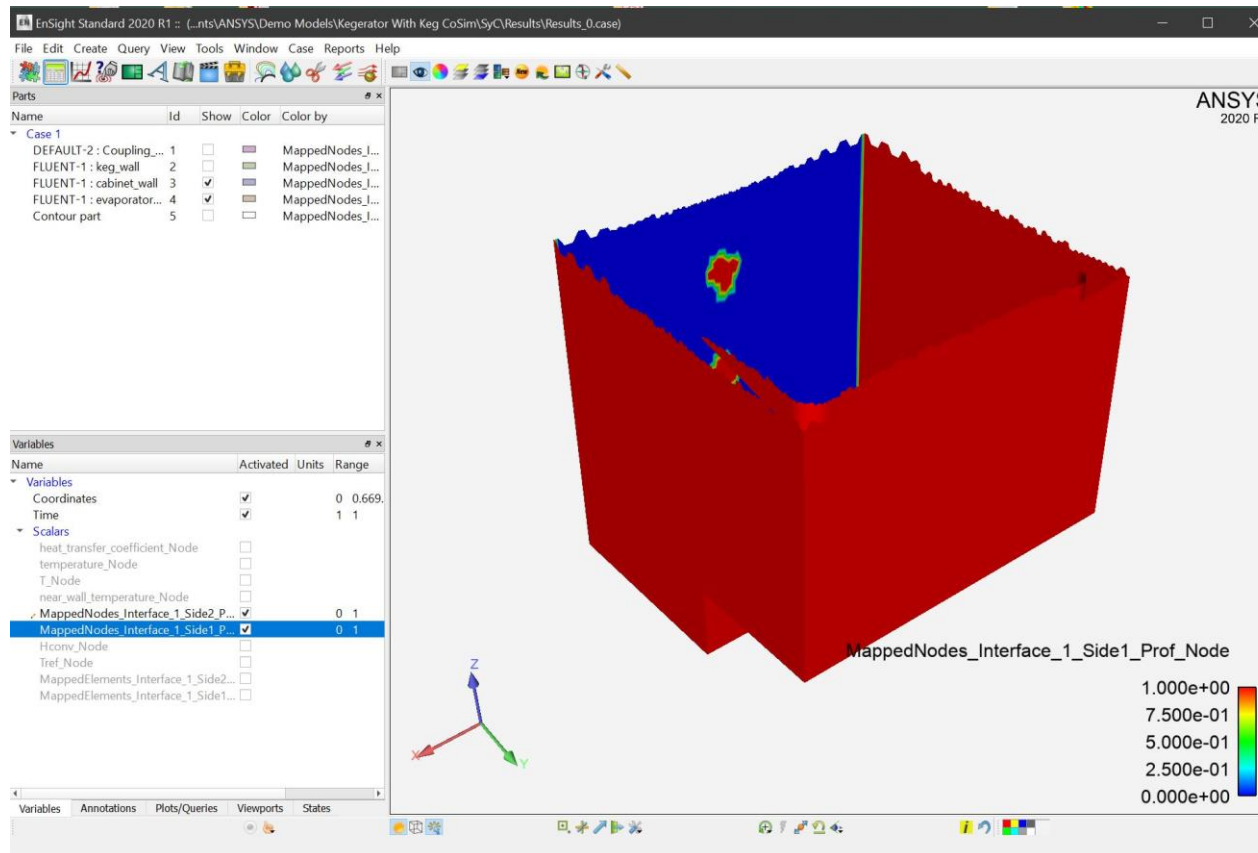


System Coupling Debug Tools



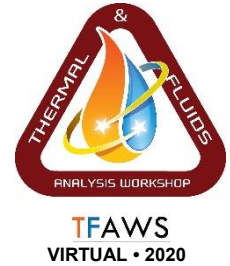
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❑ Mapped element success





Test Model Characteristics



- ❑ Difficult model for CHT problems
 - Natural convection can significantly change flow pattern as solution converges
 - Not always asymptotic convergence
 - Biot number greater than one in some areas
 - Q-T method is unstable
 - Hconv/Tref-T is robust but slow, most common
- ❑ Interface Quasi-Newton Least Squares method successfully employed
 - Relatively new approach
 - Applied to Q term supplied by Fluent

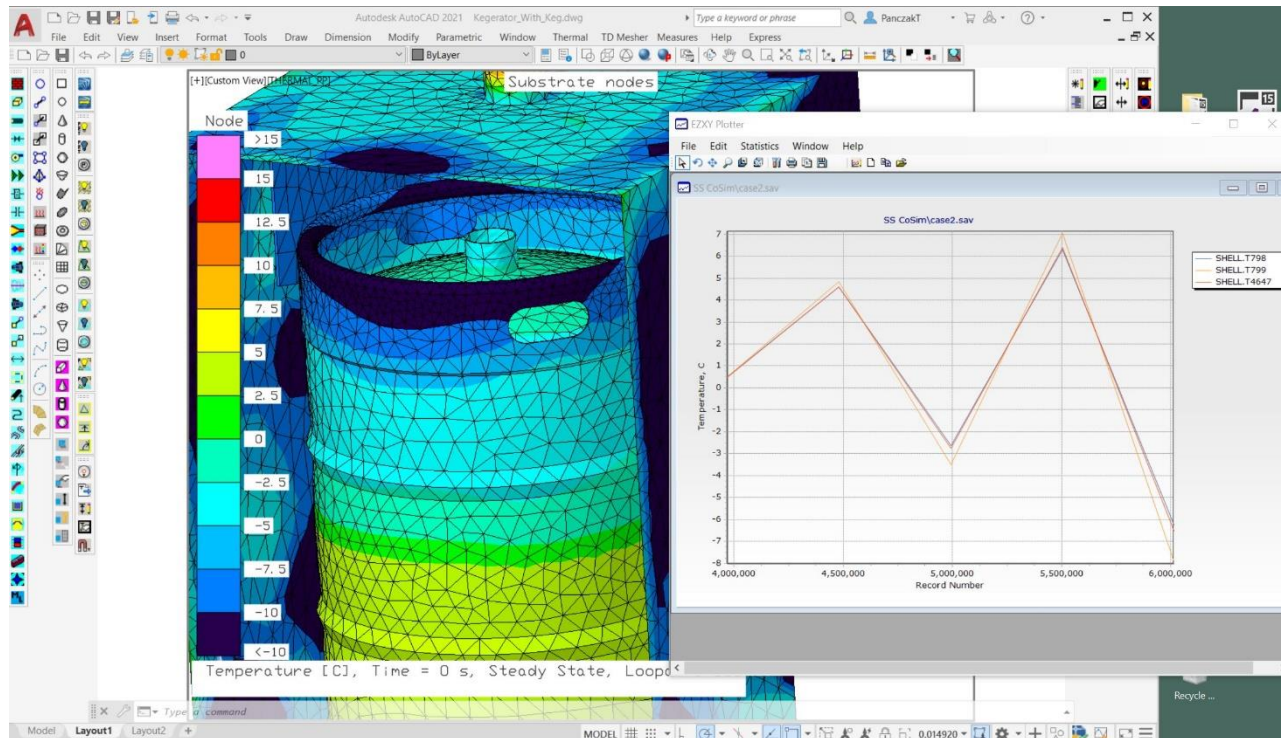


Results using Q-T Coupling Method



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Unstable





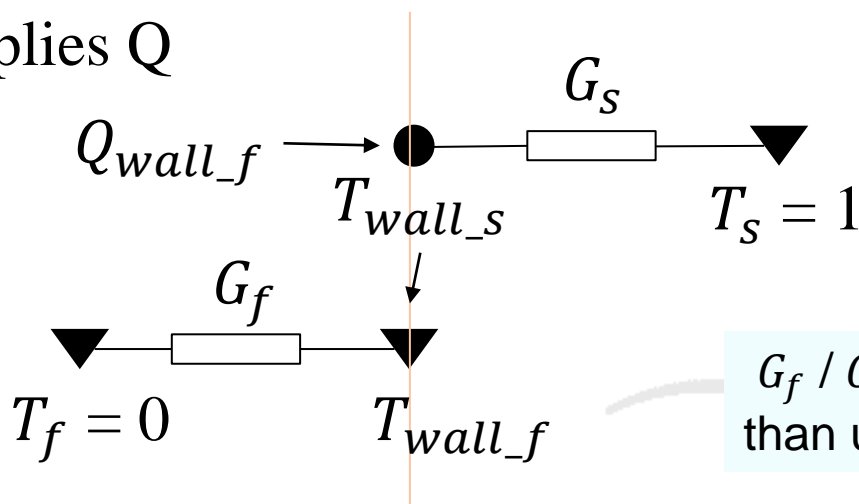
Simplified Network View Q-T Method Example



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Fluid side
supplies Q

Solid side
supplies T



G_f / G_s must be less
than unity for stability

Iterative process:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{wall_f} &= T_{wall_s} \\ Q_{wall_f} &= G_f(T_f - T_{wall_f}) \\ Q_{wall_s} &= Q_{wall_f} \\ T_{wall_s} &= (G_s T_s + Q_{wall_s}) / G_s \end{aligned}$$



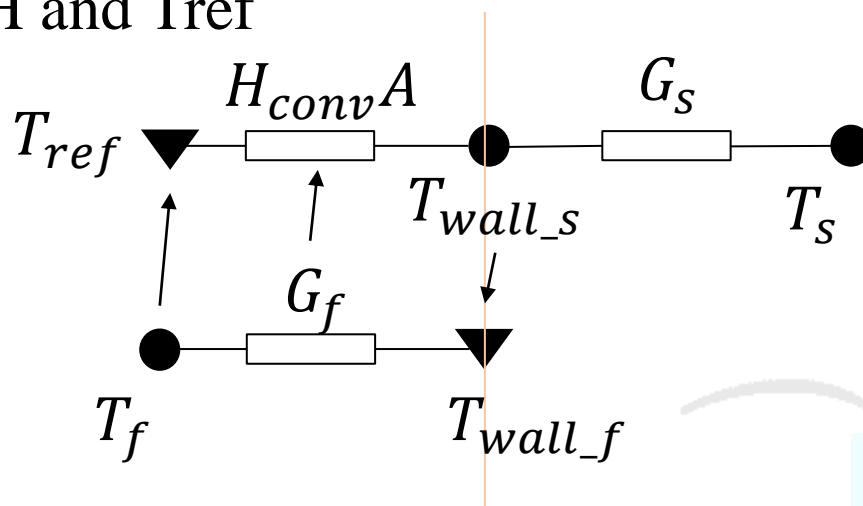
Simplified Network View H/T_{ref} – T Method



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Fluid side
supplies H and T_{ref}

Solid side
supplies T



Iterative process:

$$\begin{aligned} T_{wall_f} &= T_{wall_s} \\ H &= G_f / A \\ T_{ref} &= T_f \\ T_{wall_s} &= (G_s T_s + G_f T_{ref}) / (G_s + G_f) \end{aligned}$$

$G_f / (G_s + G_f)$ is
always less than one

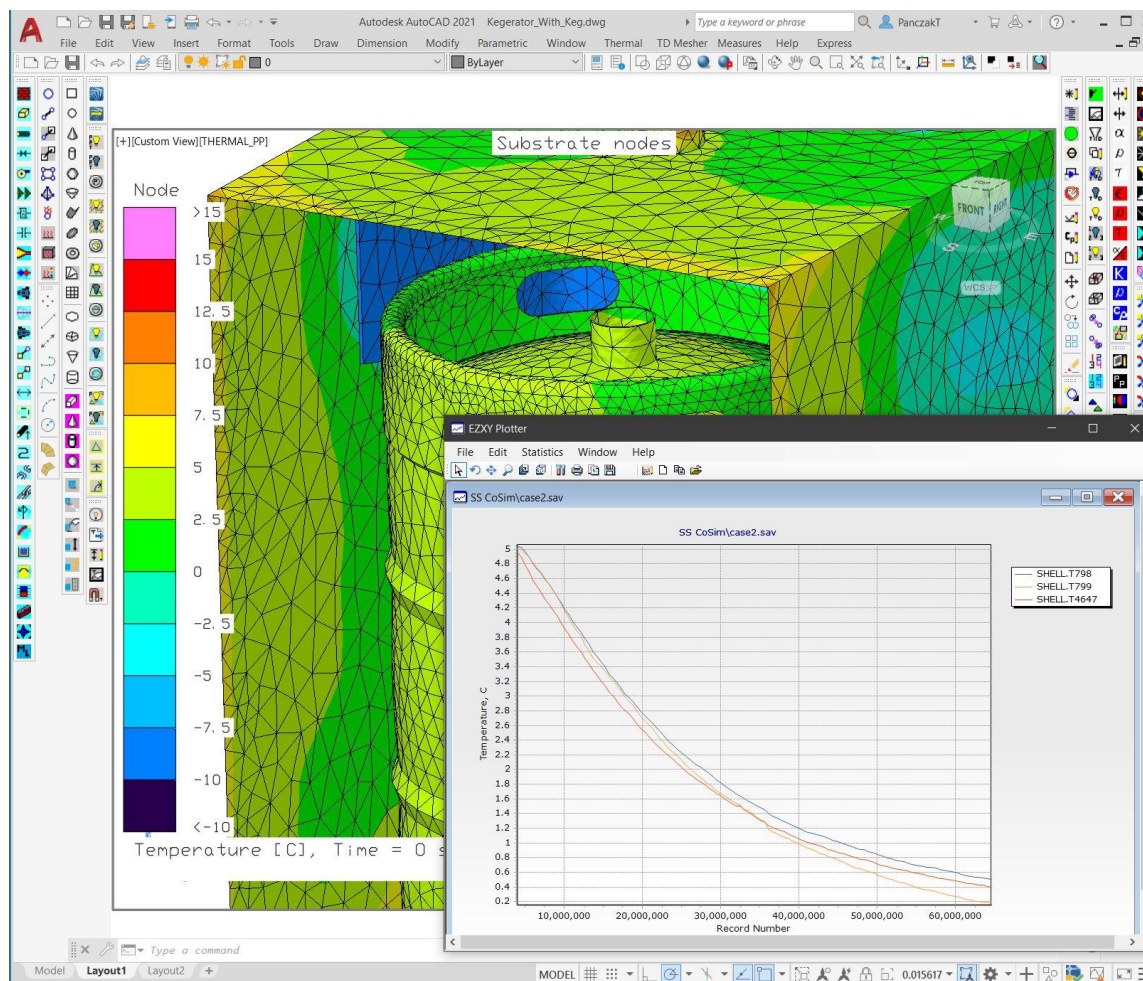


Results Using Hconv/Tref – T Method



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Stable, but very slow. Not converged after 120 iterations.



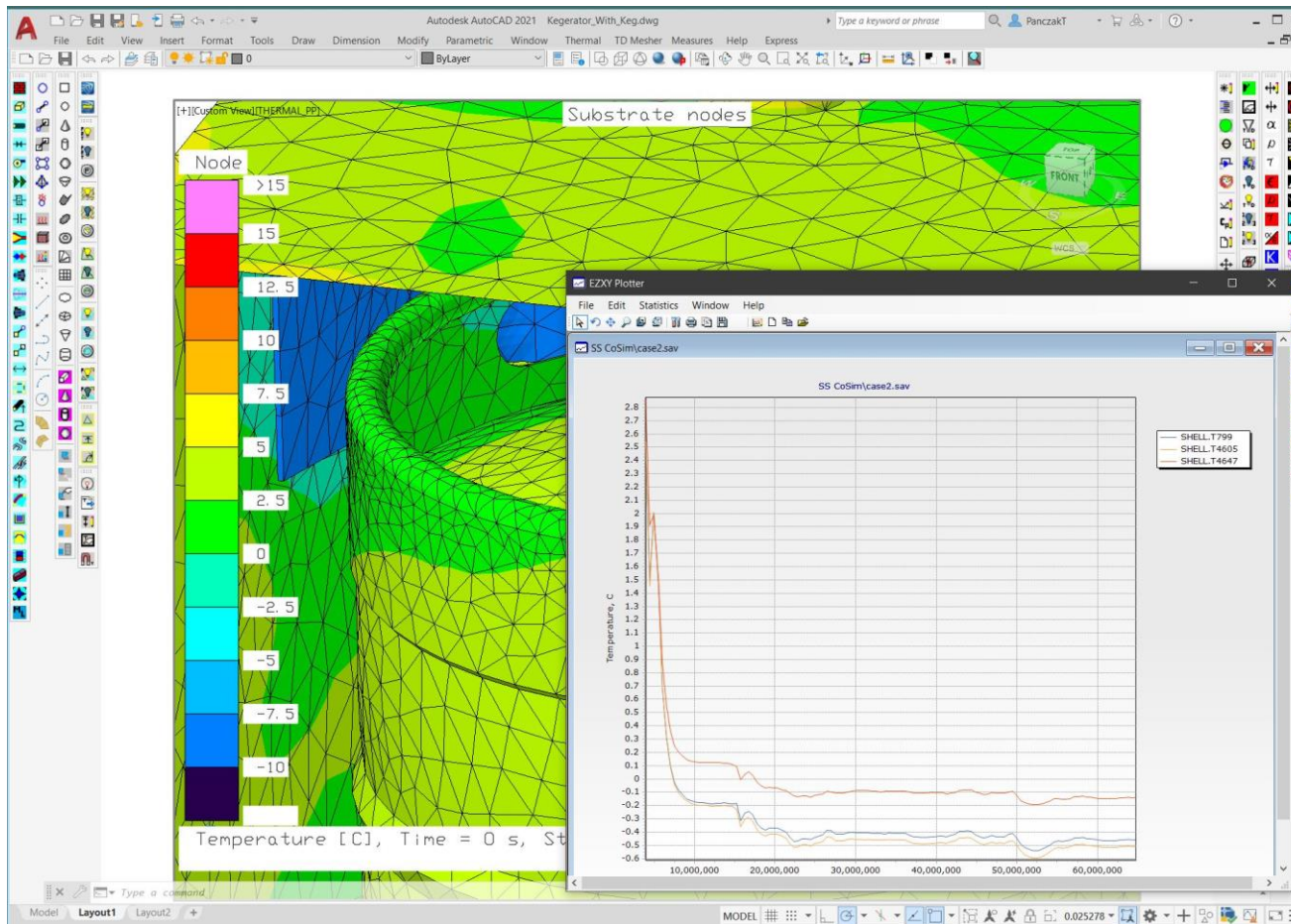


Results Using Q-T Stabilized with IQN-LS



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Stable, and fast!

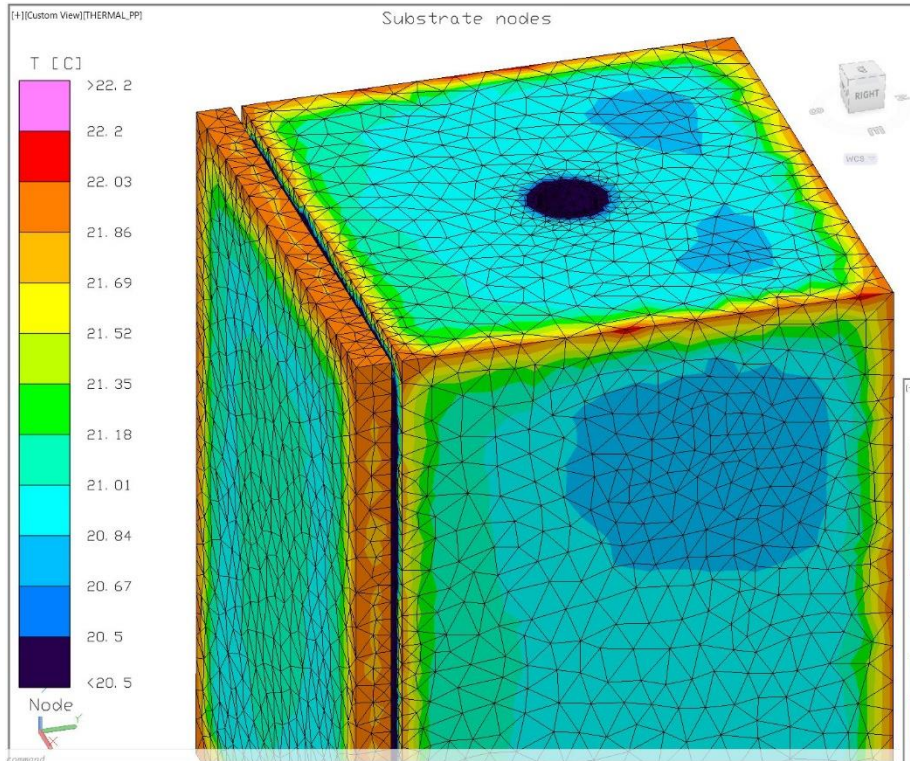




Thermal Desktop Results

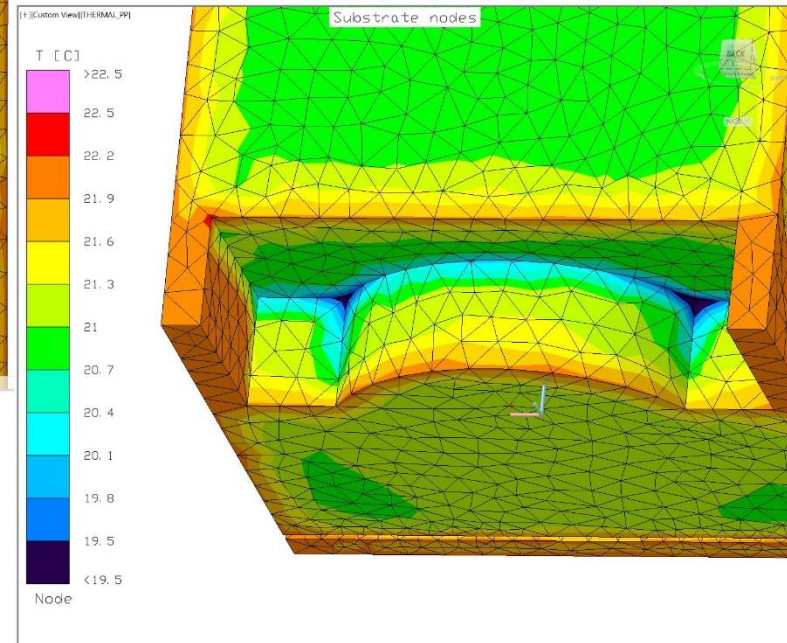


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Cabinet exterior top view

Cabinet exterior bottom view

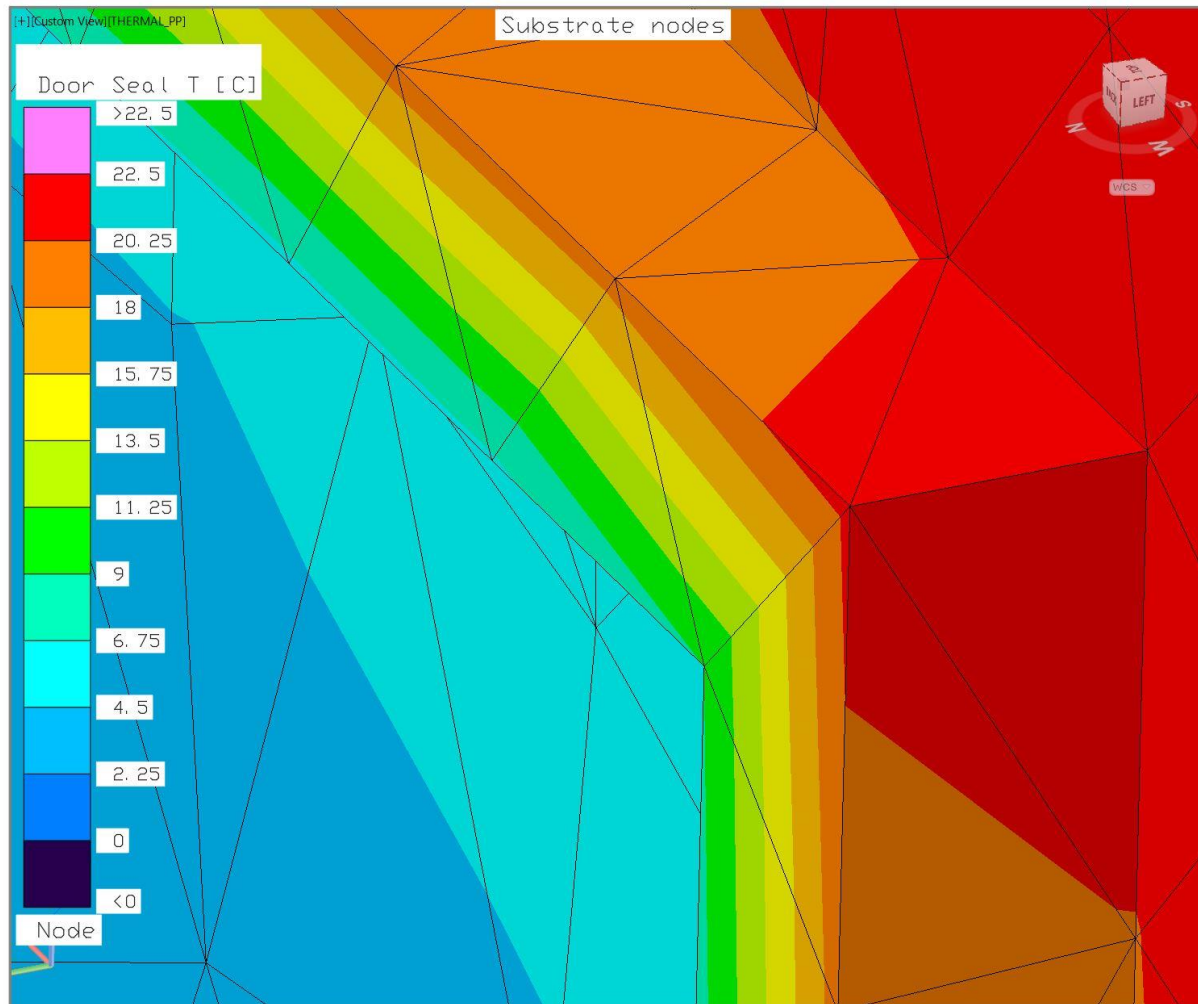




Thermal Desktop Results



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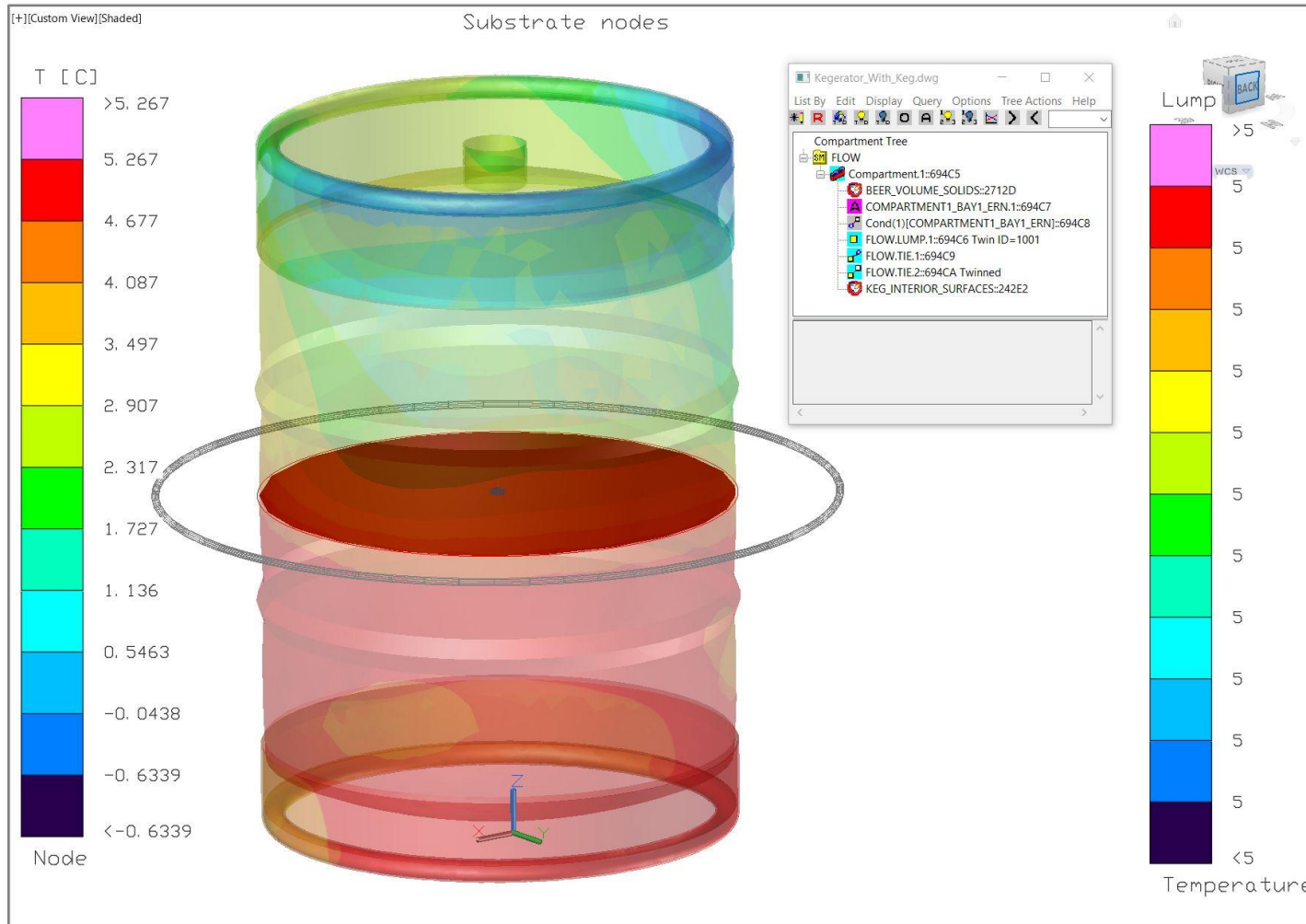
Door Seal



Thermal Desktop Results



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Thermal Desktop Results



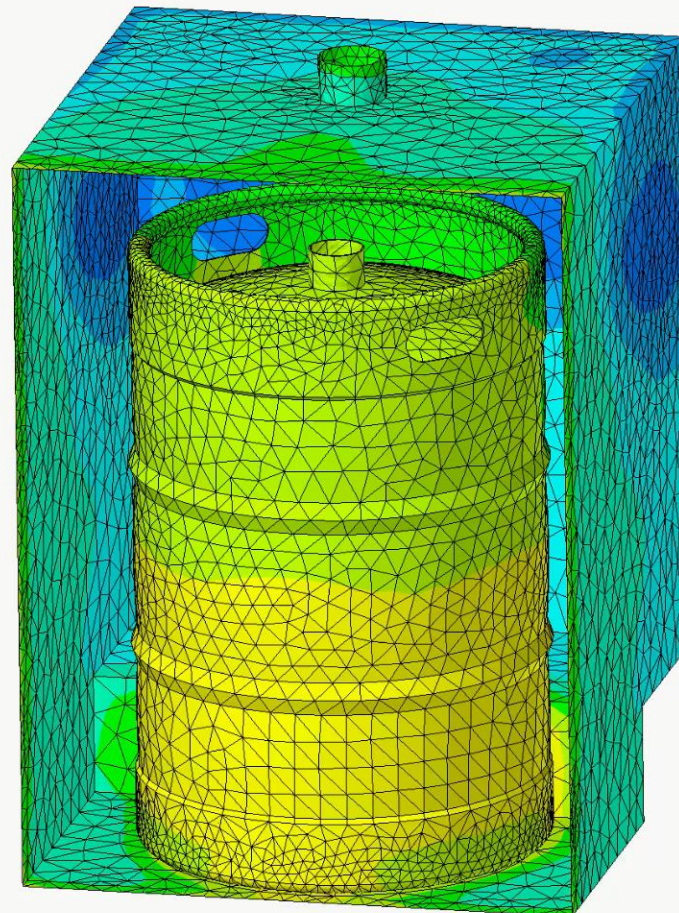
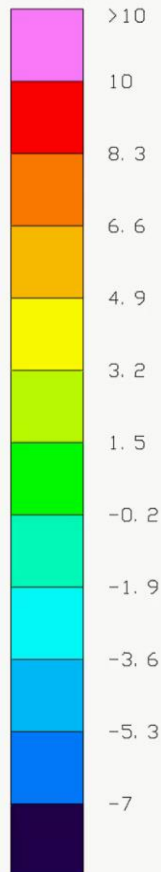
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Click to animate

[+][Custom View][THERMAL_PP]

Substrate nodes

Node



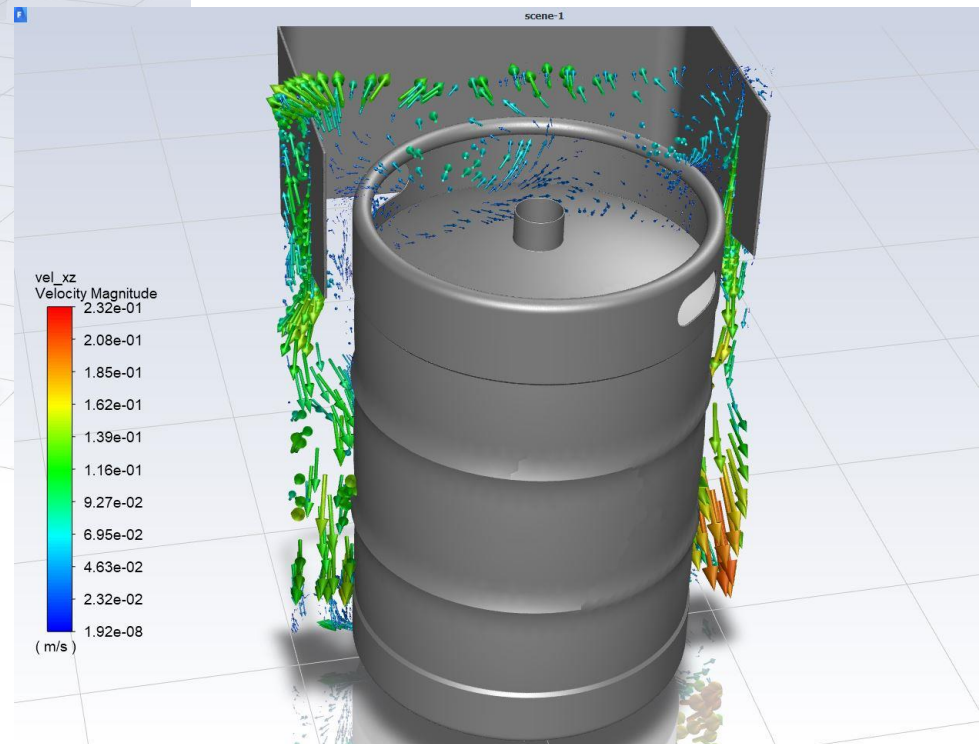
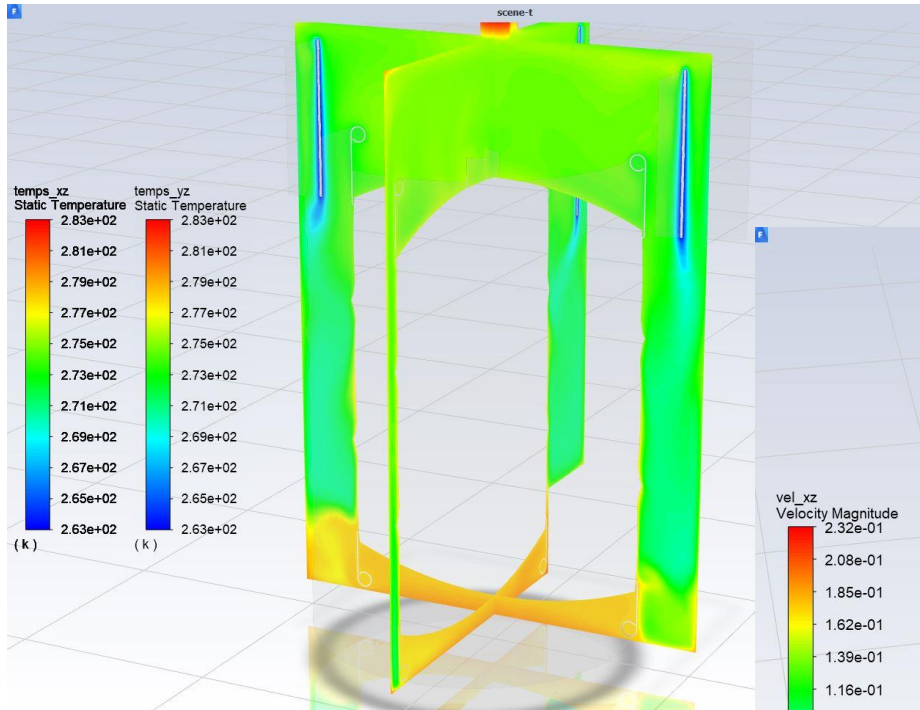
Temperature [C], Time = 0 s, Steady State, Loopct=5/100



Fluent Results



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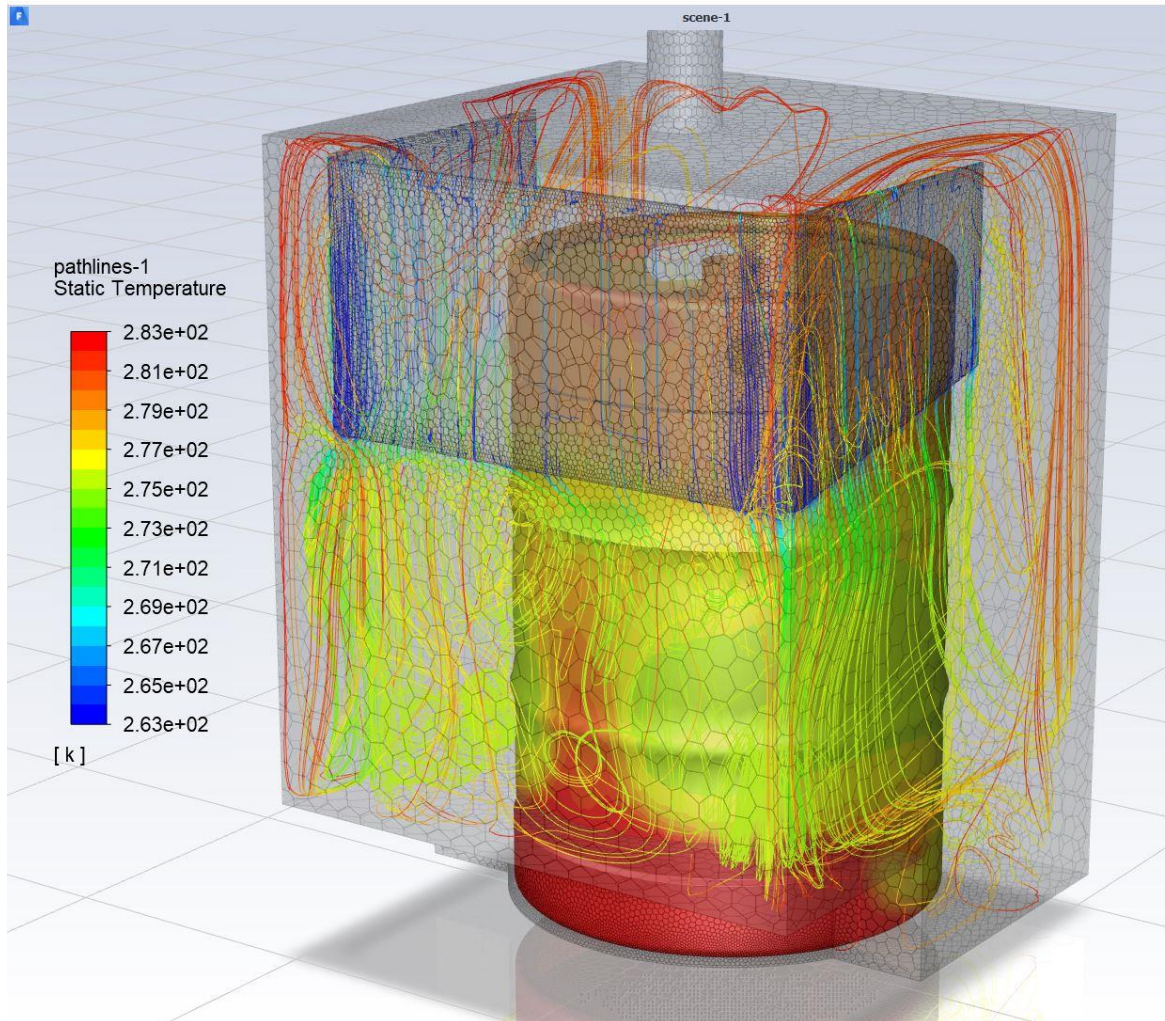




Fluent Results



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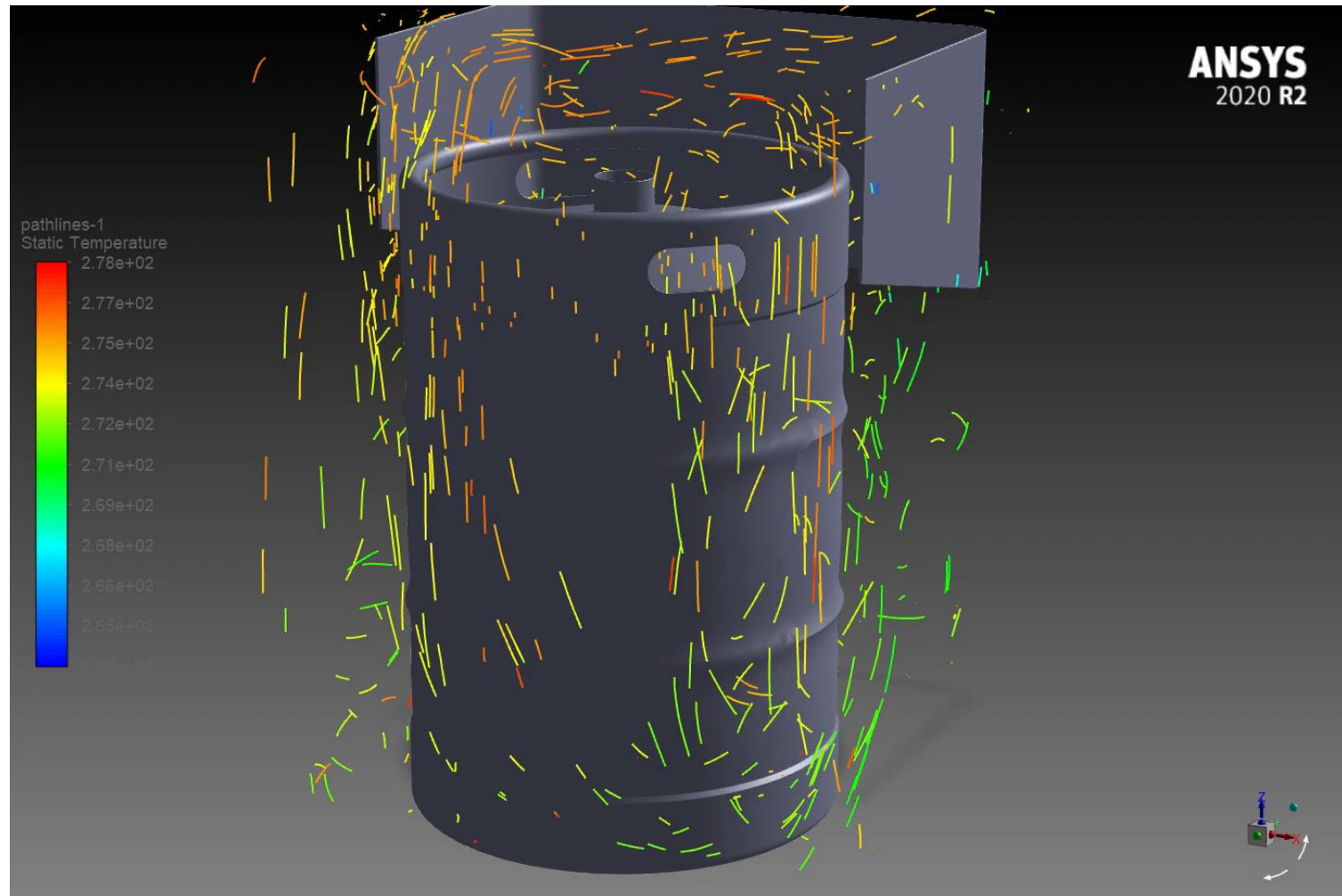


Fluent Results



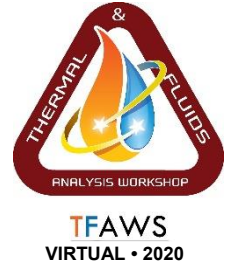
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Click to animate





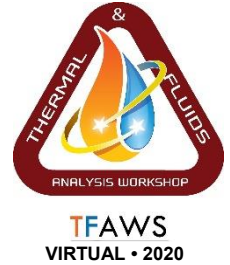
Work In Progress FloCAD-Fluent Coupling



- ❑ Combine 1D and 3D fluid flow modeling
 - Complimentary solution strategies
 - 1D is fast, perfect for system level modeling
 - 3D is detailed and captures complex physics, but computationally expensive
 - 3D level of detail in an entire system level model is intractable
 - 1D level of detail may be missing important physics
- ❑ Use each method where appropriate in a coupled simulation
 - Each has a different, but useful view of the process



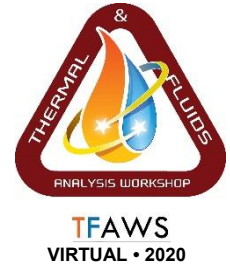
1D-3D Fluid Coupled Applications



- ❑ Valve instability due to system level interactions
 - Fluent solves valve dynamics, FloCAD for system model
 - A response surface model of a 3D component is not always appropriate, there can be unexpected system level influences
- ❑ Pressurization injector/anti-swirl baffle
 - Fluent solves in-tank
 - FloCAD solves upstream/downstream
 - Thermal Desktop solves tank wall and environment
- ❑ Crew comfort
 - FloCAD/Fluent ECS
 - Orbital heating
 - Human body model



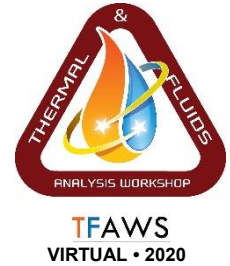
Current Activities



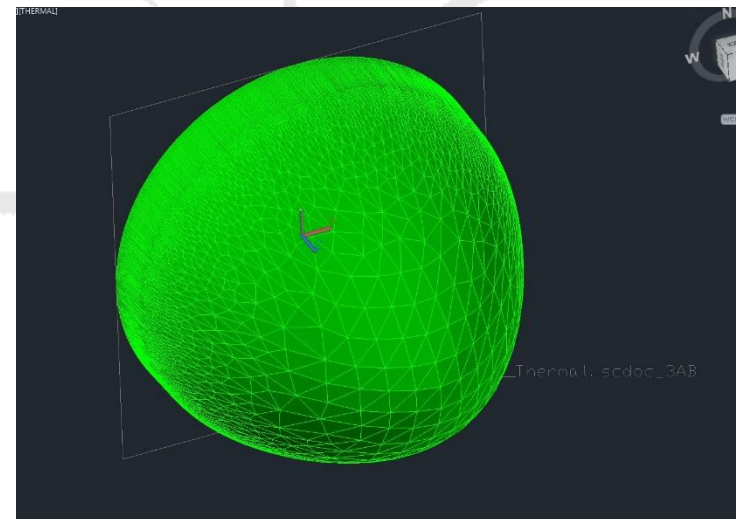
- ❑ ANSYS is currently modifying Fluent via UDF's to connect inlet and outlet zones via System Coupling
 - Maintains desired “black box” connection via SyC
- ❑ New FloCAD objects are being developed to represent Fluent inlets and outlets in a Thermal Desktop model
 - Will maintain abstraction for schematic layout, exact 3D locations not always desired
- ❑ Coupling approach has been verified
 - Upstream supplies mass flow rate and temperature
 - Downstream supplies pressure



FloCAD Scalar to 2D Fluent Mesh



- ❑ System Coupling requires a 2D mesh for the interface
- ❑ A fully developed profile generator was developed that expands scalar FloCAD data based on Reynolds number, laminar Nusselt number, pipe radius, average velocity, and mean/wall temperatures
- ❑ Reconstruction and integration will be done in the coupler
 - FloCAD scalars -> 2D mesh
 - 2D Fluent mesh -> scalars





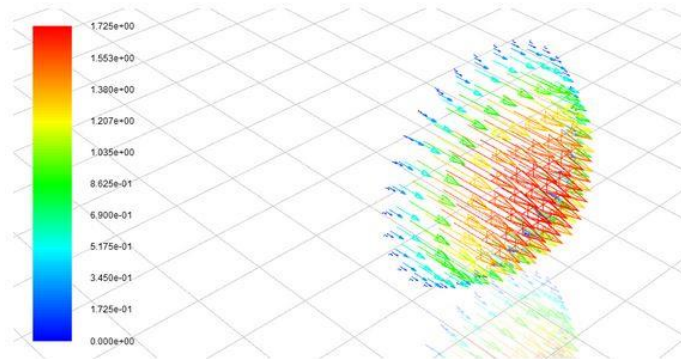
2D Fluent Mesh to FloCAD Scalar



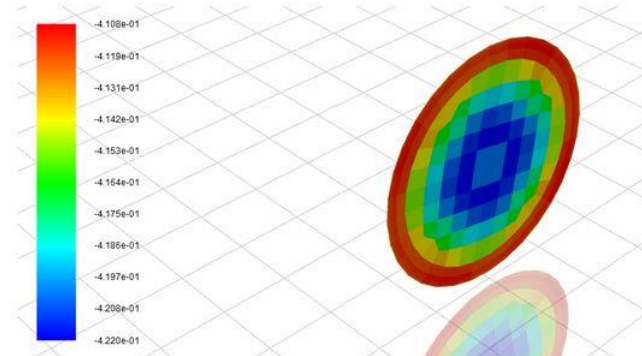
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- ❑ Fluent inlet and outlets connected to System Coupling

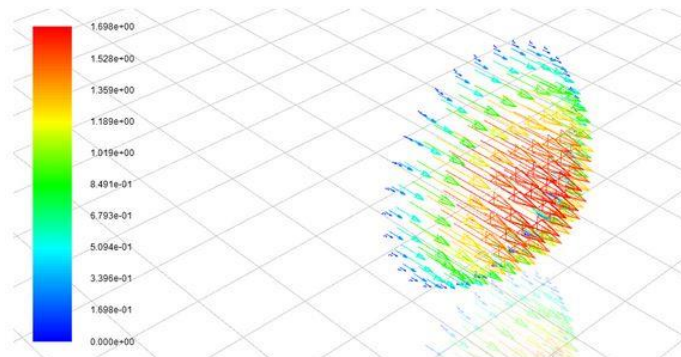
Velocities from upstream pipe outlet:



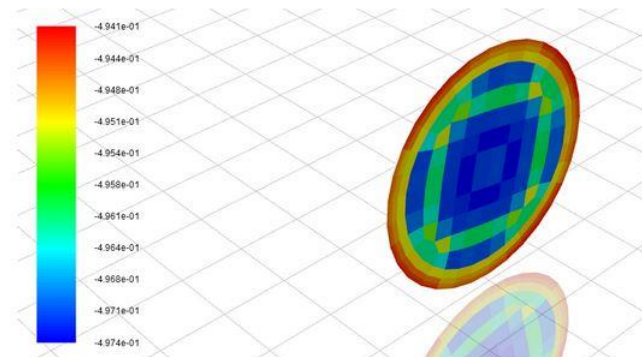
and the static pressures from the the same downstream inlet:



are passed to the downstream pipe inlet:

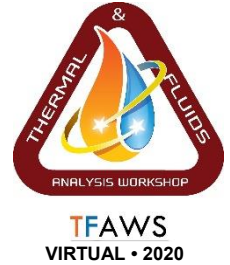


are passed back to the upstream pipe's outlet:





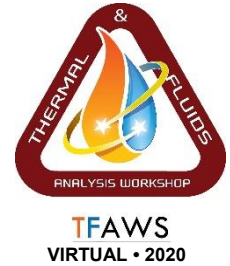
Acknowledgements



- ❑ A very big thank you to the ANSYS partner team
 - Mike Rowen
 - Manager, Partner Program
 - Oleg Churnukhin
 - Lead Developer, System Coupling
 - Adam Anderson
 - Principle Fluent Technical Support and Development



Summary



- ❑ CHT capability will be available in Version 6.2 release Q4
 - Easy to use –
 - Proficiency with Fluent and Thermal Desktop recommended
 - System Coupling well documented and supported
 - Advanced coupling algorithms for stability and speed
 - Built-in feature, no additional license
- ❑ 1D \leftrightarrow 3D fluid coupling in progress and proceeding well
 - Too early to commit to 6.2, but a possibility
- ❑ CHT available as a beta for interested parties prior to 6.2
 - Discussions always welcome
- ❑ Hands-on labs planned for TFAWS 2021



Questions



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- ❑ Q & A
- ❑ Thank you!